



Title	Disseminated metastatic tissue calcification after orthotopic liver transplantation: A case report
Author(s)	Deguchi, K.; Ueno, T.; Matsuura, R. et al.
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Figure Legends

Fig. 1. Calcium and phosphate levels and double products during the postoperative period. The timing of CHDF, HD, PE and LVAD treatments are indicated. Sequential pamidronate and RANKL inhibitor therapy had no effect on levels of calcium and phosphate. LT: Liver transplantation, CHDF: continuous hemodiafiltration, HD: hemodialysis, LVAD: left ventricular assist device, PE: plasma exchange, RANKL: receptor activator of nuclear factor kappa-B ligand, POD: postoperative day, RPOD: post re-operative day.

Fig. 2. Computed tomography demonstrated extensive calcification. A: Myocardial calcification (arrows). B: Skeletal muscle calcification (arrowheads).

Fig. 3. Histopathologic images at autopsy (hematoxylin-eosin stain). A: Myocardial calcification (long arrows). Myocytes are replaced by calcium deposits. There was no evidence of inflammation or degeneration. B: Skeletal muscle calcification (short arrows).

Table 1. Laboratory data related to common causes of hypercalcemia on post-retransplantation day 24.