



Title	Mobile Robot Navigation using Rough Maps
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### 論文内容の要旨

For robots and even for men, to be able to use an internal representation of the spatial layout of their environment to localize themselves is a very complex task. In human-to-human communication, a rough map is often sketched to show a desired path. The rough map is an inaccurate map with large uncertainties in the existence, the dimension, the position, and the shape of objects so that it can be built easily. In this thesis, we describe a mobile robot navigation using rough maps that can be used to guide a mobile robot along a specified path in its unfamiliar place. Since rough maps often suffer from various and large uncertainties of landmarks, we discuss what kinds of uncertainties in the rough maps would mainly have effects on navigating a robot. The effects of such uncertainties on robot navigation are analyzed in simulated environments. A quantitative navigability measure of rough maps is then developed based on the analysis. Experimental results are also presented for validating the navigability measure.

Most robotics applications require autonomous mobile robot navigation methods that are safe, robust and inexpensive. This raises numerous issues of recognition, classification and motion control that must all be solved in an integrated manner. In this dissertation, therefore, we describe a novel method of mobile robot localization based on the rough map using stereo vision. It uses multiple visual features to detect the buildings in the robot's field of view. The robot fuses odometry and vision information using extended Kalman filters to update the robot pose and the associated uncertainty based on the recognition of buildings in the map. We use multi-hypothesis Kalman filter to generate and track robot pose hypotheses. Experimental results show the feasibility of our localization method in outdoor environments.

### 論文審査の結果の要旨

本論文では、正確に記載されていない地図でも移動ロボットが目的地まで正確に到達できるロバストな位置推定手法について論じている。

1章では、ロボットが持つセンサや地図には様々な不確実性が含まれているため、その不確実性に対処できるロバスト

