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501. 円, 球ノ幾何

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(I) 平面上ニ二円 $\mathcal{C}, \mathcal{C}'$ アリ、コノ交点ヲ通ル他ノ二円 $\mathcal{C}_1, \mathcal{C}_2$ ヲ此ノ平面上ニ考ヘル。

然ルトキハ

$$\begin{aligned} \sin \widehat{\mathcal{C}_1 \mathcal{C}_2} &= \frac{\sqrt{(\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C})}(\lambda\mathcal{C} + \mu\mathcal{C}', \lambda\mathcal{C} + \mu\mathcal{C}') - \{\lambda(\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C}) + \mu(\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C}')\}^2}{\sqrt{(\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C})} \sqrt{(\lambda\mathcal{C} + \mu\mathcal{C}', \lambda\mathcal{C} + \mu\mathcal{C}')}} \\ &= \frac{\mu\sqrt{(\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C})(\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C}') - (\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C}')^2}}{\sqrt{(\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C})} \sqrt{\lambda^2(\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C}) + 2\lambda\mu(\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C}') + \mu^2(\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C}')}} \end{aligned}$$

同様ニ

$$\sin \widehat{\mathcal{C}_1 \mathcal{C}_2} = \frac{\lambda\sqrt{(\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C})(\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C}') - (\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C}')^2}}{\sqrt{(\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C}')} \sqrt{\lambda^2(\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C}) + 2\lambda\mu(\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C}') + \mu^2(\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C}')}} \quad \therefore$$

$$\frac{\sin \widehat{\mathcal{C}_1 \mathcal{C}_2}}{\sin \widehat{\mathcal{C}_1 \mathcal{C}_2}} = \frac{\mu}{\sqrt{(\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C})}} : \frac{\lambda}{\sqrt{(\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C}')}} \quad \text{----- (1)}$$

コノ λ, μ ハ媒介変數デアリ。

他 = γ, μ の交点を通る直線 + 円を考へれば、同様
=

$$\frac{\sin \widehat{\gamma \mu \Lambda}}{\sin \widehat{\mu \gamma \Lambda}} = \frac{\mu'}{\sqrt{(\gamma \gamma)}} : \frac{\lambda'}{\sqrt{(\mu \mu)}} \dots\dots\dots (2)$$

が成立ッ、 λ, μ' は媒介変数ナル。

サテ今

$$\frac{\sin \widehat{\gamma \beta}}{\sin \widehat{\mu \beta}} : \frac{\sin \widehat{\gamma \Lambda}}{\sin \widehat{\mu \Lambda}} \dots\dots\dots (3)$$

ヲ円 $\gamma, \mu, \beta, \Lambda$ の非調和比ト定メ、コレヲ $(\gamma \mu \beta \Lambda)$

ト記セバ (1), (2), (3) ヨリ

$$(\gamma \mu \beta \Lambda) = \frac{\mu}{\lambda} \cdot \frac{\lambda'}{\mu'}$$

トナリ此ノ四円が調和群ヲナストキ

$$\frac{\mu}{\lambda} \cdot \frac{\lambda'}{\mu'} = -1$$

即チ

$$\frac{\lambda'}{\mu'} + \frac{\lambda}{\mu} = 0 \dots\dots\dots (4)$$

が成立ッ。(非ユークリッド幾何ノ研究ニ於ケルト類似ナル)

別 = $\overline{\Lambda \Lambda}$ がアツテ、上ノ性質ヲ満足セバ

$$\frac{\overline{\lambda}}{\overline{\mu}} + \frac{\lambda}{\mu} = 0 \dots\dots\dots (5)$$

が成立ッ。(4), (5) ヨリ

$$\frac{\lambda'}{\mu'} = \frac{\bar{\lambda}}{\bar{\mu}} \text{-----} (6)$$

トナル、コゝ $= \bar{\lambda}$, $\bar{\mu}$ ハ円 $\bar{M}$ = 属スル媒介変數デアル。

(II) R_3 内 $=$ 二円 $\bar{K}$, $\bar{K}$ マリ、今 $\bar{K}$ ヲ通ル球ガ $\bar{K}$ トナス角ヲ φ トセバ

$$\cos^2 \varphi = T^{\alpha\beta} p_\alpha p_\beta \text{-----} (1)$$

ナルコトヲ吾々ハ先ニミタ。尚コノ時

$$\sin^2 \varphi = (A^{\alpha\beta} - T^{\alpha\beta}) p_\alpha p_\beta \text{-----} (2)$$

ガ成立ツ。所ガ

$$\begin{aligned} e^{2i\varphi} &= \frac{\cos \varphi + i \sin \varphi}{\cos \varphi - i \sin \varphi} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{T^{\alpha\beta} p_\alpha p_\beta} + i \sqrt{(A^{\alpha\beta} - T^{\alpha\beta}) p_\alpha p_\beta}}{\sqrt{T^{\alpha\beta} p_\alpha p_\beta} - i \sqrt{(A^{\alpha\beta} - T^{\alpha\beta}) p_\alpha p_\beta}} \\ \therefore \varphi &= \frac{1}{2i} \log \left\{ \frac{\sqrt{T^{\alpha\beta} p_\alpha p_\beta} + i \sqrt{(A^{\alpha\beta} - T^{\alpha\beta}) p_\alpha p_\beta}}{\sqrt{T^{\alpha\beta} p_\alpha p_\beta} - i \sqrt{(A^{\alpha\beta} - T^{\alpha\beta}) p_\alpha p_\beta}} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

(III) コゝデハ同平面内ノ円ヲ考ヘルコトニスル。二円 $\mathcal{X}$, $\mathcal{Y}$ ノ間ノ角ヲ ϕ トスレバ

$$\cos \phi = \frac{(\mathcal{X}\mathcal{Y})}{\sqrt{(\mathcal{X}\mathcal{X})}\sqrt{(\mathcal{Y}\mathcal{Y})}},$$

$$\sin \phi = \frac{\sqrt{(\mathcal{X}\mathcal{X})(\mathcal{Y}\mathcal{Y}) - (\mathcal{X}\mathcal{Y})^2}}{\sqrt{(\mathcal{X}\mathcal{X})}\sqrt{(\mathcal{Y}\mathcal{Y})}}$$

$$\text{故ニ} \quad e^{2i\phi} = \frac{\cos \phi + i \sin \phi}{\cos \phi - i \sin \phi}$$

$$= \frac{(yz) + \sqrt{(yz)^2 - (xy)(zx)}}{(yz) - \sqrt{(yz)^2 - (xy)(zx)}}$$

$$\therefore \phi = \frac{1}{2i} \log \left\{ \frac{(yz) + \sqrt{(yz)^2 - (xy)(zx)}}{(yz) - \sqrt{(yz)^2 - (xy)(zx)}} \right\}$$