

Title	Clinical Implications of Serum Mac-2 Binding Protein in Patients After Living Donor Liver Transplantation for Biliary Atresia
Author(s)	Ueno, Takehisa; Takase, Koki; Deguchi, Koichi et al.
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Note	

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Fig. 1

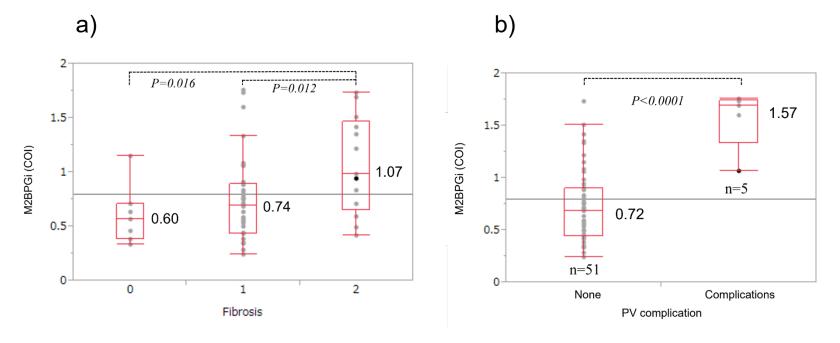
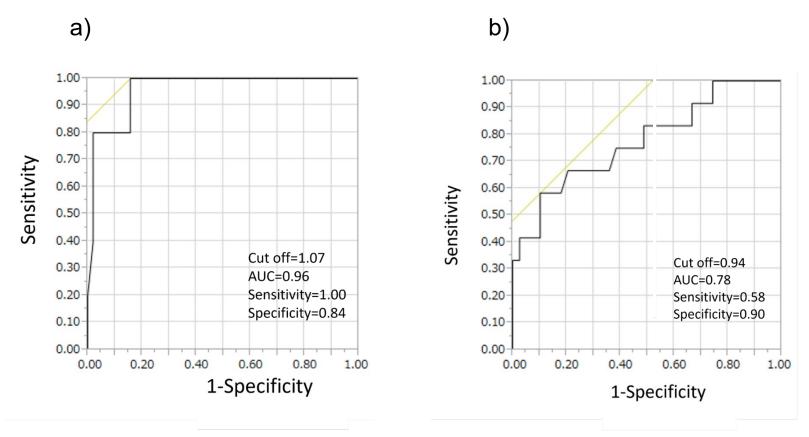


Figure 1. Serum M2BPGi: a) M2BPGi and fibrosis stages Serum M2BPGi level in F2 fibrosis was higher than F0 and F1 fibrosis statistically. b) M2BPGi in patients with and without PV complications Serum M2BPGi level in patients with PV complications was higher than them without complications. Data were expressed as mean with standard deviation (SD). Fibrosis stages were descried METVIR score. COI: Cut Off Index, M2BPGi: Mac-2 binding protein glycosylation-modified isomer; PV: Portal vein

Fig. 2



**Figure 2. ROC curve analysis: a) PV complication vs None b) F2 vs F0-1** ROC analysis of M2BPGi and the stages of fibrosis without portal vein complications. F2 was regarded as positive. Fibrosis stages were described METVIR score. Data were expressed as mean with standard deviation (SD). COI: Cut Off Index, M2BPGi: Mac-2 binding protein glycosylation-modified isomer, PV: Portal vein, ROC: Receiver operating characteristic